

Global Science Conference

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Adaptation of Mediterranean livestock to climate constraints: Genetic diversity and breeding systems

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GALIMED project:

Genetics of adaptation of cattle livestock and production systems in the Mediterranean area

• Global climate change and ecosystems

- Consequences on the mediterranean climate
- Consequences on the livestock
- Importance of adaptive traits
- Modifications of breeding practices



Multidisciplinary approach that combines population genetics and knowledge of livestock production systems.



Funded by INRA ACCAF Metaprogram

Objectives

• A global view of the genetic diversity of Mediterranean cattle breeds

•Identification of selection footprints in the bovine genome and identification of the selective driving forces.

•Analysis of breeders practices

•Analysis of the point of view of breeders about adaptation



A joint analysis of genetic, production systems and breeding practices through geographical and climatic parameters



Approach

Genetic analysis 54 000 SNPs

- Genetic characterization - Selection footprints

Climatic parameters

Joint analysis

Factorial methods Bayesian modelling Analysis of production systems

1. A study of the breeds with a simplified questionnaire

2. A detailed study of some breeds



Countries/Organizations





Some of the breeds involved in Galimed



Guelmoise (Algeria)



Baladi (Egypt)



Modicana (Italy)



CLIMATE-SMART

Agriculture



Cheurfa (Algeria)



Corse (France)



Sarda (Italy)



Negra-Andaluza (Spain)



Chélifienne (Algeria)



Raço di Biou (France)



Maremmana (Italy)



Menorquina (Spain)



Biskra (Algeria)



Brachykeratiki (Greece)



Oulmès-Zaer (Moroco)



Marismena (Spain)

Genetic diversity of Mediterranean cattle breeds



Genetic characterization of Mediterranean cattle breeds



Spatial Principal Component Analysis (Geography + Genetics)





Environment and Genetics

Identification of the loci underlying local adaptation using environmental variables

Which SNPs contribute the most to the differentiation according to an environmental variable ?

SNPs contribution (Fst-like) to the genetic variability according to Drought



2010

Precipitation of the driest quarter

Why and how to take into account farming and breeding systems?

Farmers -> farming and breeding practices

- Farmers develop **strategies** to deal with climate and other environmental or supply chain constraints
- Farming **practices** contribute to the orientation of the genetic resources

What are the main categories of systems/practices in each situation?

For all the breeds of the study: questionnaire to some experts on the main features

How breeders consider adaptation of their breed / what are the main abilities of the animals?

For a few cases: semi structured interviews to a diversity of breeders



The main characteristics of farming systems : a questionnaire to experts



How farmers consider adaptation of their breed?

a focus on Corsica (France) and Tuscany (Italy)

Corsican cattle (Corsica) 20 farmers Maremmana cattle(Tuscany) 8 farmers Interviews recorded -> integral retranscription for the part on adaptation	History Farming system Point of view on adaptation Collective actions	Identification of themes and subthemes from breeders' speeches Codage and count for each interview	Similar themes in both cases : feeding capacities, reproduction, morphology, behaviour, resistance, adaptation to territory, meat quality • In Corsica, « feeding autonomy » sub themes: few needs, feeding behaviour, body condition, consequences and causes of this autonomy Coherence with most extensive systems where human intervention is limited
adaptation			 Imited In Italy, quotation of various themes more homogeneous
CLIMATE-SMART			

2015

Conclusion

- Main characteristics of farming systems (resistance, underfeeding, use of specific areas)
- High genetic diversity of Mediterranean cattle breeds
- Genetic fits with geography and environment



Identification of loci involved in local adaptation of mediterranean breeds to climate and links with Livestock Farming Systems

